

OTHER TRIP REPORTS AVAILABLE

A Birding Trip Report

Australia
Belize
Bhutan '88
Bhutan
SE Brazil
Caribbean (Yucatan, Cozumel, Grand Cayman, Jamaica)
Caribbean (Lesser Antilles)
Colombia: Santa Marta
Ecuador & Galapagos
Cuba & the Dominican
Guatemala (Atitlán)
Ethiopia
Hong Kong
Indonesia: North Sulawesi, Halmahera, Batanta, Salawati, Vogelkop, and Biak
Kenya
Kenya and Uganda
Madagascar
Malaysia
Mexico (Colima)
Mexico (Tamaulipas CBC's)
Mexico (Tamaulipas, SL Potosi, Coahuila)
Mexico (Baja & Oaxaca)
New Zealand
Panama (Canal Zone & Darien)
Peru: Manu
Peru: Marañón
Russia: Primorye
Sabah
Spain
South Africa
Scotland
Thailand
Trinidad-Tobago
Turkey
Venezuela (NW)

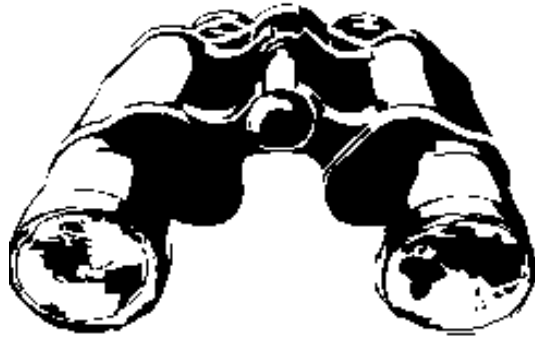
Southeastern Brazil

October 21-November 11, 2000

Led by Guy Kirwan

Written by Guy Kirwan

Published by Mark Elwonger for Ornifolks



ORNIFOLKS... networking birders with destinations

Printed on Friday, December 29, 2000 in Victoria, Texas

Mike Flieg
6803 Nashville
St Louis MO 63139
Home (314) 645-3356
Fax (314) 645-3366
e-mail GMFlieg@aol.com

Mark Elwonger
405 W Brazos
Victoria TX 77901
Home (361) 573-5666
Office (361) 548-5135
e-mail greenowl@vicec.org

Guy Kirwan

74 Waddington Street
Norwich Norfolk NR2 4JS
UK
(011) 44-(1603) 219701

Acknowledgement

Eduardo , our trusty Brazilian driver, was instrumental in making this trip a success.
Eduardo Moreira Santos
Rua Uruguai, No. 30P, Apto. 302
Tijuca- Rio de Janeiro RJ 20-510-060
ecodriver@bol.com.br

Policy Regarding Trip Leaders

The goal of our organization is to enable birders to visit difficult areas at less expense than with a professional group. If any Ornifolks member can set up trips for a fraction of the cost of a professional tour, find other members willing to participate, and go for less or at no cost, we see no ethical problem. Many participants don't have the time, expertise, or inclination to do the necessary research or make the preparations, but instead are willing to assist the leaders by defraying their expenses, and few potential organizers will step forward to lead a trip for nothing.

Participants:

Frank Bills, Sharon Bostick, Ron Hoff, Pearl Jordan, Dolly Ann Myers, and Gary and Nellie Simpson.

Check the Ornifolks website at
<http://Ornifolks.org>

Besides serving as a bulletin board and providing its members with safe and economical ways to visit foreign birding destinations, *Ornifolks* offers members:

- ◆ Custom international birding
- ◆ a library of trip reports
- ◆ contacts with ground agents and local guides

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21 Oct	22 Oct	23 Oct	24 Oct	25 Oct	26 Oct	27 Oct	28 Oct	29 Oct	30 Oct	31 Oct	1 Nov	2 Nov	3 Nov	4 Nov	5 Nov	6 Nov	7 Nov	8 Nov	9 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov																							
Tapaculos																							<i>Rhinocryptidae</i>																						
Collared Crescent-chest																							<i>Melanopareia torquata</i>																						
Spotted Bamboo-wren																						1	<i>Psilorhamphus guttatus</i>																						
Slaty Bristlefront																							<i>Merulaxis ater</i>																						
Mouse-colored Tapaculo																							<i>Scytalopus speluncae</i>																						
Brasilia Tapaculo																						2	<i>Scytalopus novacapitalis</i>																						
Vireos																							<i>Vireonidae</i>																						
Rufous-browed Peppershrike																							<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>																						
-Chivi Vireo																							<i>Vireo olivaceus chivi</i>																						
Rufous-crowned Greenlet																							<i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i>																						
Crows and Allies																							<i>Corvidae</i>																						
Curl-crested Jay																							<i>Cyanocorax cristatellus</i>																						
White-naped Jay																							<i>Cyanocorax cyanopogon</i>																						
Old World Flycatchers and Allies																							<i>Muscicapidae</i>																						
Yellow-legged Thrush																							<i>Platycichla flavipes</i>																						
Rufous-bellied Thrush																							<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>																						
Pale-breasted Thrush																							<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>																						
Creamy-bellied Thrush																							<i>Turdus amaurochalinus</i>																						
Cocoa Thrush																							<i>Turdus fumigatus</i>																						
White-necked Thrush																							<i>Turdus albicollis</i>																						
Starlings and Allies																							<i>Sturnidae</i>																						
Chalk-browed Mockingbird																							<i>Mimus saturninus</i>																						
Northern Creepers and Allies																							<i>Certhiidae</i>																						
Thrush-like Wren																							<i>Campylorhynchus turdinus</i>																						
-Grass Wren																							<i>Cistothorus platensis platensis</i>																						
-Southern House-Wren																							<i>Troglodytes aedon musculus</i>																						
Long-billed Gnatwren																							<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>																						
Swallows and Allies																							<i>Hirundinidae</i>																						
White-winged Swallow																							<i>Tachycineta albiventer</i>																						
White-rumped Swallow																							<i>Tachycineta leucorhoa</i>																						
Brown-chested Martin																							<i>Progne tapera</i>																						
Gray-breasted Martin																							<i>Progne chalybea</i>																						
Blue-and-white Swallow																							<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>																						
White-thighed Swallow																							<i>Neochelidon tibialis</i>																						
Tawny-headed Swallow																							<i>Stelgidopteryx fucata</i>																						
Southern Rough-winged Swallow																							<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>																						
Sparrows and Allies																							<i>Passeridae</i>																						
House Sparrow																							<i>Passer domesticus</i>																						
Common Waxbill																							<i>Estrilda astrild</i>																						
Finches and Allies																							<i>Fringillidae</i>																						
Hooded Siskin																							<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>																						
Rufous-collared Sparrow																							<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>																						
Grassland Sparrow																							<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>																						
Saffron-billed Sparrow																							<i>Arremon flavirostris</i>																						
Tropical Parula																							<i>Parula pitayumi</i>																						
Masked Yellowthroat																							<i>Geothlypis aequinoctialis</i>																						
Golden-crowned Warbler																							<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>																						
White-bellied Warbler																							<i>Basileuterus hypoleucus</i>																						
White-rimmed (-browed) Warbler																							<i>Basileuterus leucoblepharus</i>																						
Neotropical River Warbler																							<i>Basileuterus rivularis</i>																						

Trip Diary

October 21. The entire group, Frank Bills, Sharon Bostick, Ron Hoff, Pearl Jordan, Dolly Ann Myers, and Gary and Nellie Simpson, assembled for breakfast in our hotel, close to downtown Rio. Our trusty driver, companion and nursemaid, Eduardo, was a little late due to Saturday morning traffic, but soon our spacious Mercedes minivan was loaded and we were on the road to our first destination, Itatiaia National Park. Following some initial hummingbird feeder action, which gave us all our first great looks at the always thrilling Filled Coquette, we settled in for lunch and a three-night stay at the Hotel do Ypê, which offers perhaps the best accommodation in the park. In the afternoon we enjoyed an unusually quiet exploration of the Maromba track, which still yielded a brief Slaty-breasted Wood-rail, a Fork-tailed Tody-tyrant (normally very difficult at this site) and a couple of striking Rufous-capped Motmots, including one dazzled by our headlights on the road on our way back to the hotel.

October 22. Following an early breakfast we departed for a full day on the Agulhas Negras road, in the high part of the park. This is always an exciting place to bird and, although we had no luck with the ever-tricky Black-capped Piprites, we enjoyed great looks at Plovercrest (for those who waded or circuited the pool), Serra do Mar Tyrannulet, Black-and-gold Cotinga, Giant Antshrike, Rufous-backed Antwren, Rufous-tailed Antbird, Araucaria Tit-spinetail, Itatiaia Spinetail and a Red-rumped Warbling-finch nest with young. There appears to be very little breeding data available for the latter species, and I have not yet come across a description of the nest in the literature. We ended the day with another visit to the feeders around the Hotel Simon.

October 23. A slightly later start saw us once again tackle the Maromba trail and the earlier hour certainly paid dividends. By lunchtime we had chalked up a nice list of Atlantic Forest specialties and others, including Golden-winged Cacique, Spot-billed Toucanet, the same Fork-tailed Tody-tyrant, Mouse-coloured Tapaculo and Eared Pygmy-tyrant. Following another expansive lunch (boy, the food in Brazil is great), we settled on an easy walk along the Três Picos trail to give the feeling of exercise (before our equally large evening meal!). Appetites were suitably whetted by a Tawny-browed Owl at its roost, a heard-only Slaty Bristlefront and, for Pearl alone, a White-bibbed Antbird.

October 24. For our final morning in the park, we elected to work the Três Picos trail again. This brought rewards in the form of Black-capped Foliage-gleaner, Sharp-billed Treehunter, Bertoni's Antbird, Ochre-rumped Antbird, and Olive-green Tanager. Lunch was grabbed on the highway as we proceeded to our next endemic hotspot, the coastal resort of Ubatuba, which is popular with fashionable Paulistas (people from São Paulo) as a weekend or holiday venue. Fazenda Angelim, a place I have regularly birded for the past five years, always has the capacity to surprise and today was no exception. Before we had even reached the gates of the fazenda we were enjoying point-blank looks at a pair of Paint-billed Crakes on the track! Shortly after Dolly Ann drew our attention to a Crescent-chested Puffbird, another species I had not previously seen at this site. Most people celebrated with a suitably Brazilian-sized (i.e. enormous) evening meal.

October 25. Early morning saw us back at Angelim again and, on this occasion, we were rewarded with a pair of Mantled Hawk, Saw-billed Hermit, a male Unicolored Antwren, the always magnificent Blond-crested Woodpecker, and a devilishly elusive Tufted Antshrike. The afternoon was spent near Pereque where we eventually caught up with a male Black-hooded Antwren, just before the rain became torrential, as well as White-collared Foliage-gleaner and a great performance by a Neotropical River Warbler. Back at our hotel, a flyover Striped Owl was, unfortunately, a leader-only bird.

October 26. Our early morning time in the field was again spent at the fazenda. Despite a fine array of birds, some of the best, namely Spotted Bamboowren and Black-cheeked Gnateater, remained heard only. However, everyone finally had nice looks at Squamate Antbird, but the only Bare-throated Bellbird seen was a young male. Following lunch, we explored the Folha Seca area, to the south-west of Ubatuba town, which produced a fantastic Blue Manakin lek, a heard-only Spot-backed Antshrike, almost innumerable, but unseen, bellbirds and a White-eyed Foliage-gleaner.

	21/Oct	22/Oct	23/Oct	24/Oct	25/Oct	26/Oct	27/Oct	28/Oct	29/Oct	30/Oct	31/Oct	1/Nov	2/Nov	3/Nov	4/Nov	5/Nov	6/Nov	7/Nov	8/Nov	9/Nov	10/Nov	11/Nov	
Ovenbirds and Allies																							<i>Furnariidae</i>
Wing-banded Hornero																			1	1			<i>Furnarius figulus</i>
Pale-legged Hornero														1									<i>Furnarius leucopus</i>
Rufous Hornero					3		5	3	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Furnarius rufus</i>
Araucaria Tit-Spinetail		2	6																				<i>Leptasthenura setaria</i>
Itatiaia Thistletail																							<i>Schizoeaca moreirae</i>
Rufous-capped Spinetail	1	16	11	16	16	11													11	16			<i>Synallaxis ruficapilla</i>
Sooty-fronted Spinetail																			2				<i>Synallaxis frontalis</i>
Pale-breasted Spinetail								1															<i>Synallaxis albenscens</i>
Chicli Spinetail																			11				<i>Synallaxis spixi</i>
Pallid Spinetail		7																		1			<i>Cranioleuca pallida</i>
Rusty-backed Spinetail								1															<i>Cranioleuca vulpina</i>
Yellow-chinned Spinetail														2									<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomea</i>
Cipó Canastero																	1						<i>Asthenes luizae</i>
Striated Softtail																					1	6	<i>Thripophaga macroura</i>
Rufous-fronted Thornbird								3					16			2	2	10		1			<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>
Firewood-gatherer																2	2						<i>Anumbius anumbi</i>
Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper	1	2	11		11							1			4				11	11			<i>Lochmias nematura</i>
Pale-browed Treehunter		1	2	2																			<i>Cichlocolaptes leucophrus</i>
Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner			1																				<i>Syndactyla rufosuperciliata</i>
Russet-mantled Foliage-gleaner																1							<i>Philydor dimidiatus</i>
White-browed Foliage-gleaner					3																		<i>Philydor amaurotis</i>
Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner	2	2	2	2															1	2			<i>Philydor rufus</i>
Black-capped Foliage-gleaner	1		2		1	2																	<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>
White-collared Foliage-gleaner			2		1															1			<i>Anabazenops fuscus</i>
White-eyed Foliage-gleaner					3															11			<i>Automolus leucophthalmus</i>
Tawny-throated Leaf-tosser						1																	<i>Sclerurus mexicanus</i>
Sharp-billed Treehunter			2	1																	2		<i>Heliobletus contaminatus</i>
Plain Xenops					2																		<i>Xenops minutus</i>
Streaked Xenops	2		1									1								2	2	1	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>
Thrush-like Woodcreeper						1						1										1	<i>Dendrocincla turdina</i>
Olivaceous Woodcreeper		7	1	2																1	5		<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>
Wedge-billed Woodcreeper																					1		<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>
White-throated Woodcreeper	1	1	1																				<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>
Planalto Woodcreeper																				1		2	<i>Dendrocolaptes platyrostris</i>
Buff-throated Woodcreeper																						1	<i>Xiphorhynchus guttatus</i>
Narrow-billed Woodcreeper													11										<i>Lepidocolaptes angustirostris</i>
Scaled Woodcreeper	1	7	7	7										2						2	1	7	<i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus</i>
Lesser Woodcreeper	1																			1	2		<i>Lepidocolaptes fuscus</i>
Black-billed Scythebill																				1	1		<i>Campylorhamphus falcularius</i>
Ground Antbirds																							<i>Formicariidae</i>
Rufous-capped Antthrush					7	7																	<i>Formicarius colma</i>
Short-tailed Antthrush	7	7	7	7	7	7															7		<i>Chamaeza campanisona</i>
Such's Antthrush													7								6		<i>Chamaeza meruloides</i>
Brazilian (Rufous-tailed) Antthrush			7	7	7																		<i>Chamaeza ruficauda</i>
Variegated Antpitta			7	7	7															7	7		<i>Grallaria varia</i>
Speckle-breasted Antpitta				7																			<i>Hylopezus nattereri</i>
Gnateaters																							<i>Conopophagidae</i>
Rufous Gnateater																						1	<i>Conopophaga lineata</i>
Black-cheeked Gnateater						7	1						2									7	<i>Conopophaga melanops</i>

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21 Oct	22 Oct	23 Oct	24 Oct	25 Oct	26 Oct	27 Oct	28 Oct	29 Oct	30 Oct	31 Oct	1 Nov	2 Nov	3 Nov	4 Nov	5 Nov	6 Nov	7 Nov	8 Nov	9 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov		
Black-crowned Tityra																							h	
-Shrike-like Cotinga																								h
Swallow-tailed Cotinga																			3	2				
Black-and-gold Cotinga			h																					
Hooded Berryeater																								
Black-headed Berryeater																								1
Screaming Piha													h	h								h	h	
Cinnamon-vented Piha																								2
Red-ruffed Fruitcrow																								1
Bare-throated Bellbird							h	h														h	h	h
Sharpbill			h																					1
Red-headed Manakin																								1m
White-crowned Manakin																								1m
Helmeted Manakin																								
Swallow-tailed Manakin	h		h	h	h	h	h	h																
Pin-tailed Manakin																								2
White-bearded Manakin																								11
Wied's Tyrant-Manakin													1	h										
Typical Antbirds	<i>Thamnophilidae</i>																							
Spot-backed Antshrike							h																	
Giant Antshrike			h																					h
Tufted Antshrike						h	1	h																
Large-tailed Antshrike																								
Great Antshrike									1m	1m								1m	1m	h				
Planalto Slaty-Antshrike	h		1						h															
Sooretama Slaty-Antshrike																								h
Variable Antshrike			h	h	h	h	h	h																h
Rufous-winged Antshrike								2																1
Rufous-capped Antshrike																								h
Spot-breasted Antwreio	1				2	3	2	1																2
Plain Antwreio			3				1																	11
Rufous-backed Antwreio			h																					h
Plumbeous Antwreio																								h
Cinereous Antshrike																								h
Star-throated Antwren			1	h	2	h	2																	h
White-flanked Antwren													2											2
Unicolored Antwren					1																			h
Band-tailed Antwren																								h
Rufous-winged Antwren							1																	h
White-fringed Antwren																								1m
Serra Antwren																								h
Restinga Antwren																								h
Black-hooded Antwren						1m	h																	h
Ferruginous Antbird			2	2	h	h	h	10																h
Bertoni's Antbird				1																				h
Rufous-tailed Antbird			h																					h
Ochre-rumped Antbird				h																				h
Dusky-tailed Antbird																								h
Scaled Antbird			h	h	1		2	h																h
Streak-capped Antwren			h	h	1	1	2																	h
White-shouldered Fire-eye			h	h	h		h																	h
Scalloped Antbird																								h
White-bibbed Antbird			1										h											h
Squamate Antbird						h	2																	h

October 27. Our firmly established routine continued with another visit to the fazenda early morning. Here we were all privy to nice looks at a Tawny-throated Leaf-tosser and Rufous-winged Antwren, while Frank managed to see a Black-cheeked Gnateater, but the bamboowrens all remained hidden! The rest of the day was occupied by the drive to Itirapina, in north-central São Paulo, where we arrived at our comfortable accommodations in time for a brief visit to a local park where Curl-crested Jay is reliably found.

October 28. Cerrado, or natural grassland, is one of the most (perhaps the most) threatened habitats in South America, with most having been cleared for agricultural purposes. A few fragments persist around the town of Itirapina, providing refuge for an exciting suite of bird species. (After those initial days of peering into the canopy it was also nice to give the neck a well-earned rest.) Our morning exploration of the grasslands, when the light is best, was especially productive and gave us White Woodpecker, three Bearded Tachuri, Sharp-tailed Grass-tyrant, a migrant male Black-bellied Seedeater sporting an unusually coloured bill, Black-masked Finch, five Cock-tailed Tyrant, Streamer-tailed Tyrant, Capped Seedeater and both White-rumped and White-banded Tanagers. Rather unusually, Collared Crescentchest had to be consigned to the heard-only list. Even more surprising was the lack of Eduardo and the van on our return to the road. He eventually appeared with the town bus! (It transpired that our van had developed a fault, but in typically resourceful fashion he had located an alternative.) Following lunch and the arrival of our usual vehicle, we returned to the grasslands. Some of us tried the nearby gallery forest, which yielded several new birds such as Helmeted Manakin, White-bellied Warbler and Orange-headed Tanager, while the rest of the group elected to bird in close proximity to the railway line.

October 29. Freshened by the successes of the previous day, we headed off towards our next destination, Serra da Canastra National Park, in Minas Gerais. Unfortunately, the van developed a problem with the alternator en route which forced us to decamp to a hotel in São Sebastião de Paraíso for the remainder of the day.

October 30. I am sure that all of us on the trip would rather forget the day spent waiting in the hotel. We certainly discovered that the 'paradise' of San Sebastian was not exactly that, at least as far as we were concerned. By the end of the day, both Eduardo and myself had lost a few years, or at least hairs!

October 31. Finally, in the early afternoon, we were once again on our way and eventually reached our basic, but welcoming accommodation, in São Roque de Minas in time for a fabulous evening meal. Food is always a highlight at the Faria's Hotel. We were also able to enjoy some useful roadside birding en route with Toco Toucan, a Blackish Rail with young, Spotted Nothura, Least Nighthawk, and White-eared Puffbird being the most entertaining.

November 1. After much re-juggling of our itinerary to account for the lost time, we were left with just one day to explore the Serra da Canastra. I was, therefore, fearful of our chances of finding our principal target, Brazilian Merganser. Fortune, however, had returned to our side. Once again we enjoyed stunning looks at both Giant Anteater and Maned Wolf, while we found three mergansers with near ease, as well as Golden-capped Parakeet, Brasilia Tapaculo, a wealth of Cock-tailed Tyrants, a heard-only Ocellated Crake (the second park record), that most bizarre furnariid the Firewood-gatherer, Greater Rhea and a host of other interesting grassland species. Unfortunately our attempts to repeat the success of our January trip by rounding the day off with a Sickie-winged Nightjar were all to nought.

November 2. We were on our way again, this time to the Serra do Cipó. But en route we had some important business close to downtown Belo Horizonte. The 'business', Three-toed Jacamar, appeared more or less on cue, while we also spotted a Saffron-billed Sparrow, apparently a new locality for the latter species, for which there are very few state records. Once settled in our accommodation below the serra it was time to commence our search for the montane endemics of the Cipó region. After some frustrating moments, we eventually had great looks at both Hyacinth Visorbearer and Cipó Canastero. A Rufous-capped Antshrike also delayed us a little upon our return to the van.

	21/Oct	22/Oct	23/Oct	24/Oct	25/Oct	26/Oct	27/Oct	28/Oct	29/Oct	30/Oct	31/Oct	1/Nov	2/Nov	3/Nov	4/Nov	5/Nov	6/Nov	7/Nov	8/Nov	9/Nov	10/Nov	11/Nov	
Eared Pygmy-Tyrant			2		2																		
Olivaceous Flatbill																						2	
Yellow-olive Flycatcher					3		1				1				1					2		1	
Gray-crowned Flycatcher																					1	h	
Yellow-breasted Flycatcher											2									h		2	
White-throated Spadebill	5			h	1	h	h												h				
Russet-winged Spadebill											h												
Bran-colored Flycatcher							1		2			1			1		3						
Black-tailed Flycatcher												1										1	
Swallow Flycatcher	10	2		1			2				1	1			4		1						
Fuscou Flycatcher	1																						
Euler's Flycatcher		1	1																		2		
Tropical Pewee						1																	
Gray Monjita								5	2		1	1					2	1					
White-rumped Monjita								2			3				10		2	2					
Blue-billed Black-Tyrant	1	5																					
Velvety Black-Tyrant		1																1					
Crested Black-Tyrant				5			1				2	1			10		2	1					
Masked Water-Tyrant	1		3								2	1			1		2	1			1		
White-headed Marsh-Tyrant											2				1		2						
Cock-tailed Tyrant								5	6							25	2						
Streamer-tailed Tyrant																							
Yellow-browed Tyrant								1			2					2	2						
Long-tailed Tyrant	1			3	x		1	1	5		2				4		2	1		1	1	1	1
Cattle Tyrant		1		x	4		1	5	2		2				4					1	1	1	1
Shear-tailed Gray Tyrant		3																		5	h		
Gray-hooded Attila																				h		1	
Grayish Mourner														1									5
Sirystes																1				2	1		
Dusky-capped Flycatcher							1	3						2	2				2				
Swainson's Flycatcher	1															1							
Short-crested Flycatcher	1																						
Brown-crested Flycatcher																	2	2					
White-throated Kingbird	1	2																					
Tropical Kingbird	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fork-tailed Flycatcher	x	x		x	1	2	2	2	1		x	x	x	x	x	x	x						
Variiegated Flycatcher	2			2	1	2	2	2	1						2								
Boat-billed Flycatcher				1	2	3	2	x							1			h			h		
Three-striped Flycatcher												1											
Streaked Flycatcher	h				2	2	2							2		2		1	h	h	2	5	
Rusty-margined Flycatcher																					1		
Social Flycatcher				x	x	x	x	x					x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Piratic Flycatcher					2	2	2																
Great Kiskadee	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Greenish Schiffornis	1		h																		h		
Green-backed Becard																							11
Chestnut-crowned Becard	1			1	1																1		
White-winged Becard														1									
Black-capped Becard							11																
Crested Becard				h	h		2								1				h	h	11		4
Black-tailed Tityra				2	2																2		2

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21 Oct	22 Oct	23 Oct	24 Oct	25 Oct	26 Oct	27 Oct	28 Oct	29 Oct	30 Oct	31 Oct	1 Nov	2 Nov	3 Nov	4 Nov	5 Nov	6 Nov	7 Nov	8 Nov	9 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov	
Heron																							<i>Ardeidae</i>
Whistling Heron	1							1															<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>
Snowy Egret	fc							1		20			30	x									<i>Egretta thula</i>
Capped Heron													3										<i>Piilherodius pileatus</i>
Cocoi Heron								4	x					4									<i>Ardea cocoi</i>
Great Egret	fc			2	2		2	x	x				1	x	x	1	1	2					<i>Ardea alba</i>
Cattle Egret	fc	fc		x	x		x	x	x				x	x	x	x	x						<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Little Heron	1						1	2															<i>Butorides striatus</i>
Black-crowned Night-Heron														1									<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
Rufescent Tiger-Heron									1														<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>
Ibises																							<i>Threskiornithidae</i>
Buff-necked Ibis											4												<i>Theristicus caudatus</i>
Storks and Allies																							<i>Ciconiidae</i>
Black Vulture	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
Turkey Vulture	5	5		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			<i>Cathartes aura</i>
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture													5										<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>
King Vulture													2										<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>
Frigatebirds																							<i>Fregatidae</i>
Magnificent Frigatebird	x				30	20																	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>
Tyrant Flycatchers and Allies																							<i>Tyrannidae</i>
Ochre-bellied Flycatcher						1																	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>
Gray-hooded Flycatcher			1																		2		<i>Mionectes rufiventris</i>
Sepia-capped Flycatcher						1					1												<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>
Drab-breasted Bamboo-Tyrant			5	fl																fc	fc		<i>Hemitriccus diops</i>
Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant													2										<i>Hemitriccus orbitatus</i>
Hangnest Tody-Tyrant					fl	fl																	<i>Hemitriccus nidipendulus</i>
Fork-tailed Tody-Tyrant	1		fl		fl	fl																	<i>Hemitriccus furcatus</i>
Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher					1	1															1		<i>Todirostrum poliocephalum</i>
Common Tody-Flycatcher															2								<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
Southern Antpipit												1											<i>Corythopis delalandi</i>
Planalto Tyrannulet															1								<i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i>
Greenish Tyrannulet	1	1																					<i>Phyllomyias virescens</i>
Gray-capped Tyrannulet												1											<i>Phyllomyias griseocapilla</i>
Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet								2							2								<i>Camptostoma obsoletum</i>
Mouse-colored Tyrannulet				1				2															<i>Phaeomyias murina</i>
Yellow Tyrannulet							2																<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>
Yellow-bellied Elaenia														4		5	3						<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>
White-crested Elaenia								1															<i>Elaenia albiceps</i>
Small-billed Elaenia		2									1												<i>Elaenia parvirostris</i>
Olivaceous Elaenia								3							2								<i>Elaenia mesoleuca</i>
Plain-crested Elaenia								2															<i>Elaenia cristata</i>
Highland Elaenia								3															<i>Elaenia obscura</i>
Sooty Tyrannulet														2									<i>Serpophaga nigricans</i>
White-crested Tyrannulet					1																1		<i>Serpophaga subcristata</i>
Sharp-tailed Grass-Tyrant																							<i>Culicivora caudacuta</i>
Bearded Tachuri																						3	<i>Polystictus pectoralis</i>
Gray-backed Tachuri																					2		<i>Polystictus superciliaris</i>
Southern Bristle-Tyrant				4											2								<i>Phylloscartes eximius</i>
Oustalet's Tyrannulet																						2	<i>Phylloscartes oustaleti</i>
Serra do Mar Tyrannulet		1		fl																			<i>Phylloscartes difficilis</i>
Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet	1																				1	3	<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

November 3. We rose early (some earlier than we would have liked due to a rather vocal Giant Wood-rail behind the chalets) and embarked on another drive up the serra. It was again rather windy, but we did manage excellent looks at a pair of Gray-backed Tachuri, which had eluded us in our brief time at Canastra. It was then time to make tracks for the Serra do Caraça, where we hoped to find Dusky-tailed Antbird and Serra Antwren in the brief time now available. It was unsurprising to hear the latter from the car park, but we couldn't prise it, or a more distant calling Large-tailed Antshrike into view. Following lunch we set off in search of the antbird, which almost unbelievably also had to be relegated to birds that we only heard. I was starting to think that our extra drive had been for nothing tangible, when one, and subsequently three, Swallow-tailed Cotinga were spotted. We all enjoyed great scope views and embarked happily on the long drive to Pindobas after all. On arrival at our roadside hotel we were greeted by my, now old, friends, Ana Cristina and Pedro who were joining us for most of the rest of the trip. We crawled into bed ready for an early start in search of Cherry-throated Tanager on the morrow.

November 4. After the struggle we had endured on our January 2000 trip, I was prepared for a tough battle with the tanagers and, indeed, the morning session went against us. Still, we did not return to lunch wholly empty handed, as Hooded Berryeater, Sharpbill, Cinnamon-vented Piha and a tyrannulet, currently considered to be Mottle-cheeked, but which may represent an undescribed species, testified. Rejuvenated by another ample lunch, we had not been back in the field long before a group of six Cherry-throated Tanagers appeared among a large bird flock. Success! And, at last, everyone enjoyed excellent views of White-bibbed Antbird too. With some time at our disposal we hurried to another area of the forest where a Spotted Bamboowren responded vigorously to the tape, and most people managed a glimpse of the enigma.

November 5. We had budgeted two days to look for the tanager, so with a spare day to 'kill' we decided to visit a nearby private reserve, Caeté, which has yet been little visited but shows great promise. This proved a good decision. Not only did we gain great looks at the range-restricted and super-attractive Buffy-headed Marmoset, but we also enjoyed two more Swallow-tailed Cotinga, a heard-only Elegant Mourner which responded but didn't come to my canned tape, Oustalet's Tyrannulet, two Golden-tailed Parrotlet, a White-necked Hawk and Pin-tailed Manakin. But, the multitude of Bare-throated Bellbirds again remained largely out of sight!

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

November 6. Following breakfast at the hotel we headed east and then north to the Linhares area. Rain, which set in en route, was to become a near-permanent feature of the next week. It had already been raining for some days in the CVRD reserve and a number of fallen trees barred our way along the trails. We eventually returned to our hotel comparatively empty handed, although we added a number of species to our trip list.

November 7. The entire day was spent in Linhares reserve, largely trying to dodge the sometimes near-torrential rain. Two very brief Red-billed Curassow sadly eluded most people, but a day-roosting Great Potoo, Ochre-marked Parakeets, Red-browed Parrots, a Minute Hermit outside the dining room, a tape-responsive Black-headed Berryeater, and Rufous Nightjar were all rather more cooperative.

November 8. Our day in the IBAMA-controlled Sooretama reserve was notable for several reasons, one being the relative lack of rain! Between showers we chalked up a good list of lowland forest species, including the handsome Scalloped Antbird, four species of tinamou seen or heard, Band-tailed Antwren, Thrush-like Wren, Red-ruffed Fruitcrow (now very rare in the Atlantic Forest region), Striated Softtail, Blue-winged Macaw, Pearly-breasted Cuckoo, White-necked Hawk, Black-headed Berryeater, and Grayish Mourner. Unfortunately, a distant but good look at a male Red-billed Curassow fell only to me.

November 9. Back at Linhares, on our last morning in this region, our minds were all fixed solely on the elusive curassow. After another couple of all too brief sightings, our perseverance was rewarded, literally at the final moment, when having hacked our way through a blocked trail, there was a male and female curassow walking sedately on the trail, accompanied by a single recently hatched chick. Prolonged scope views were enjoyed by all. My joke that the behind the wall of vegetation that had confronted us was a curassow El Dorado appeared near-prophetic. Our mission accomplished, we headed off in good spirits for Nova Lombardia, despite the rain, which was back to its worst! Having secured a four-wheel-drive vehicle to beat the slope up to the reserve, we enjoyed a (recently) rare moment of sun while watching a fine hummingbird display at the reserve headquarters. A Gray-capped Tyrannulet in the nearby trees was also welcome. True to form, however, it was raining by the time we entered the reserve proper, but persistence, or foolhardiness, had its rewards. Although, a Russet-winged Spadebill would not come to the tape (remaining hidden to view), a Wied's Tyrant-manakin was much more responsive.

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21 Oct	22 Oct	23 Oct	24 Oct	25 Oct	26 Oct	27 Oct	28 Oct	29 Oct	30 Oct	31 Oct	1 Nov	2 Nov	3 Nov	4 Nov	5 Nov	6 Nov	7 Nov	8 Nov	9 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov	
Seriemas																							<i>Cariamidae</i>
Red-legged Seriema							4	2				1	1	2	1								<i>Cariama cristata</i>
Rails																							<i>Rallidae</i>
Ocellated Crane															1								<i>Micropygia schomburgkii</i>
Rufous-sided Crane										1				2									<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>
Gray-necked Wood-Rail					1+h	1+h	1			1													<i>Aramides cajanea</i>
Giant Wood-Rail																		1					<i>Aramides ypecaha</i>
Slaty-breasted Wood-Rail	1	1																					<i>Aramides saracura</i>
Paint-billed Crane				2																			<i>Neocrex erythrops</i>
Blackish Rail										4	1						1						<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>
Purple Gallinule										2	2		2	5									<i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>
Common Moorhen	2										2		5	50				1					<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>
Snipe and Allies																							<i>Scolopacidae</i>
Lesser Yellowlegs														6									<i>Tringa flavipes</i>
Jacanas																							<i>Jacanidae</i>
Wattled Jacana							6	5				10	10								1		<i>Jacana jacana</i>
Plovers and Allies																							<i>Charadriidae</i>
Southern Lapwing	5	2	1			2	5	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>
Gulls and Allies																							<i>Laridae</i>
Kelp Gull	2													6									<i>Larus dominicanus</i>
Sandwich Tern														20									<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>
Hawks and Allies																							<i>Accipitridae</i>
Gray-headed Kite							1								1								<i>Leptodon cayanensis</i>
Swallow-tailed Kite											4							6			2		<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>
White-tailed Kite																				1		2	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>
Snail Kite																					2		<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>
Rufous-thighed Kite	2		1																				<i>Harpagus diodon</i>
Plumbeous Kite						1	1				2			2			2		2	2	5		<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>
Bicolored Hawk						1	1												1				<i>Accipiter bicolor</i>
White-necked Hawk																			1			1	<i>Leucopternis lacemulata</i>
Mantled Hawk					2																		<i>Leucopternis polionota</i>
Savanna Hawk							1	1		2	1		5	1									<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>
Rufous-thighed Hawk		1	1				1								1								<i>Accipiter erythronemius</i>
Harris's Hawk															1	1							<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle															1	1							<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>
Roadside Hawk	1		2		3	2	1	1		1	2		5		3			1	1	1		1	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>
White-tailed Hawk	1	1					1			1				3				1					<i>Buteo albicaudatus</i>
Falcons																							<i>Falconidae</i>
Southern Caracara		4		1		2	2	2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	<i>Caracara plancus</i>
Yellow-headed Caracara		2		1	1		2	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			x	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>
American Kestrel				2			1	1	4		2	1		3	3						2	2	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
Aplomado Falcon								2							1								<i>Falco femoralis</i>
Bat Falcon																						1	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>
Grebes																							<i>Podicipedidae</i>
Least Grebe														2	10								<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>
Pied-billed Grebe																					2		<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>
Cormorants																							<i>Phalacrocoracidae</i>
Neotropic Cormorant						2					20			200									<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21 Oct	22 Oct	23 Oct	24 Oct	25 Oct	26 Oct	27 Oct	28 Oct	29 Oct	30 Oct	31 Oct	1 Nov	2 Nov	3 Nov	4 Nov	5 Nov	6 Nov	7 Nov	8 Nov	9 Nov	10 Nov	11 Nov		
White-vented Violet-ear	1																						<i>Colibri serrirostris</i>	
Black-throated Mango	1																						<i>Anthracothorax nigricollis</i>	
Plovercrest		5																					<i>Stephanoxis lalandi</i>	
Filled Coquette	3												5								4		<i>Lophornis magnificus</i>	
Festive Coquette					1																		<i>Lophornis chalybeus</i>	
Glittering-bellied Emerald																1	1	1			1		<i>Chlorostilbon aureoventris</i>	
Violet-capped Woodnymph	10	5		2	2	1							15								3		<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>	
Rufous-throated Sapphire																						5	<i>Hylocharis sapphirina</i>	
White-chinned Sapphire	1																						<i>Hylocharis cyanus</i>	
Gilded Hummingbird																							<i>Hylocharis chrysura</i>	
White-throated Hummingbird	1	2											1								1		<i>Leucochloris albicollis</i>	
White-tailed Goldenthrout		1																					<i>Polytmus guainumbi</i>	
Versicolored Emerald	1												1										<i>Amazilia versicolor</i>	
Glittering-throated Emerald	2	2			1																1		<i>Amazilia fimbriata</i>	
Sapphire-spangled Emerald	2	2														1							<i>Amazilia lactea</i>	
Sombre Hummingbird																1							<i>Aphantochroa cirrochloris</i>	
Brazilian Ruby	4	10	5	3									5								1	1	<i>Cyrtolaema rubricauda</i>	
Hyacinth Visorbearer																	2						<i>Augastes scutatus</i>	
Stripe-breasted Starthroat																1							<i>Heliomaster squamosus</i>	
Barn and Grass Owls																						<i>Tytonidae</i>		
Barn Owl																						2	<i>Tyto alba</i>	
Typical Owls																						<i>Strigidae</i>		
Tropical Screech-Owl				h	1		h																<i>Otus choliba</i>	
Tawny-browed Owl			1																				<i>Pulsatrix koeniswaldiana</i>	
Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl					1	1	1																<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>	
Burrowing Owl								4				1	2		6	1					3	5	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>	
Striped Owl						1																	<i>Pseudoscops clamator</i>	
Potoos																						<i>Nyctibiidae</i>		
Great Potoo																					1		<i>Nyctibius grandis</i>	
Nightjars and Allies																						<i>Caprimulgidae</i>		
-Chestnut-banded Nighthawk	2																						<i>Lurocalis semitorquatus nattereri</i>	
Least Nighthawk											3				1								<i>Chordeiles pusillus</i>	
Lesser Nighthawk					2																		<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>	
Pauraque												2	1		3						2	10	1	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>
Rufous Nightjar																					2	3		<i>Caprimulgus rufus</i>
Band-winged Nightjar															1								<i>Caprimulgus longirostris</i>	
Pigeons																						<i>Columbidae</i>		
Scaled Pigeon																					4	2	1	<i>Columba speciosa</i>
Picazuro Pigeon				1			5	25	x	x	x	1			x	x	x						<i>Columba picazuro</i>	
Pale-vented Pigeon							3	6							1							2	<i>Columba cayennensis</i>	
Plumbeous Pigeon		5	15	15			1	h				h								h			<i>Columba plumbea</i>	
Ruddy Pigeon							h	h															<i>Columba subvinacea</i>	
Eared Dove				1	2		2	2	x	x	x					x	x						<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>	
Scaled Dove				1			1	1	x	x	x					4	4				4	2	1	<i>Columbina squammata</i>
Plain-breasted Ground-Dove					3	1	1	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	5	2					x	<i>Columbina minuta</i>	
Ruddy Ground-Dove				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			x	x	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	
Picui Ground-Dove												1				2						1	<i>Columbina picui</i>	
White-tipped Dove					2		h	h									h						<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>	
Gray-fronted Dove				h								1											<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>	
Ruddy Quail-Dove				1																	1	1	<i>Geotrygon montana</i>	

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

November 10. For our last full day's birding, we elected not to make another attempt on the spadebill, but instead headed for the lowlands and Cafundó. We enjoyed an excellent, and largely rain free, swan song as a result. The Plumbeous Antvireo eventually performed well for all, as did Eye-ringed Tody-tyrant, Southern Antpiper, Black-cheeked Gnatcatcher and another Wied's Tyrant-manakin.

November 11. Saying farewell to Ana Cristina and Pedro at the hotel, we embarked on the journey back to Rio. It had been a great trip, but we had a couple of last pieces of business before we could board the plane. First up was the extremely range-restricted Restinga Antwren. As usual this posed no particular problem, it being characteristically a very tape-responsive species. Following lunch we continued towards Rio and a search for Southern Pochard. It's been a few years since I visited Lagoa Piritininga, but we eventually found our way to the lake via a favela (Eduardo wasn't enjoying this new site at all). Finally a fair-sized flock of the duck hove into sight and, while we were scoping them, Ron drew our attention to a Rufous-sided Crake in the grass at our feet. A great way to finish!

The Bird List

Codes used in the Trip List

- h Heard Only
- x Quantities not estimated
- s Seen
- fc Fairly Common
- m male
- f female

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21-Oct	22-Oct	23-Oct	24-Oct	25-Oct	26-Oct	27-Oct	28-Oct	29-Oct	30-Oct	31-Oct	1-Nov	2-Nov	3-Nov	4-Nov	5-Nov	6-Nov	7-Nov	8-Nov	9-Nov	10-Nov	11-Nov	
Rheas																						<i>Rheidae</i>	
Greater Rhea																						1	<i>Rhea americana</i>
Tinamous																						<i>Tinamidae</i>	
Solitary Tinamou																							<i>Tinamus solitarius</i>
Little Tinamou																							<i>Crypturellus soui</i>
Brown Tinamou																							<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>
Yellow-legged Tinamou																							<i>Crypturellus noctivagus</i>
Tataupa Tinamou																							<i>Crypturellus tataupa</i>
Red-winged Tinamou																							<i>Rhynchotus rufescens</i>
Spotted Nothura																							<i>Nothura maculosa</i>
Guans																						<i>Cracidae</i>	
Dusky-legged Guan																							<i>Penelope obscura</i>
Red-billed Curassow																							<i>Crax blumenbachii</i>
Whistling-Ducks																						<i>Dendrocygnidae</i>	
White-faced Whistling-Duck																							<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>
Black-bellied Whistling-Duck																							<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>
Ducks and Allies																						<i>Anatidae</i>	
Comb Duck																							<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>
Brazilian Teal																							<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>
White-cheeked Pintail																							<i>Anas bahamensis</i>
Southern Pochard																							<i>Netta erythrophthalma</i>
Brazilian Merganser																							<i>Mergus octosetaceus</i>
Woodpeckers																						<i>Picidae</i>	
White-barred Piculet																							<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>
White-wedged Piculet																							<i>Picumnus albosquamatus</i>
White Woodpecker																							<i>Melanerpes candidus</i>
Little Woodpecker																							<i>Veniliornis passerinus</i>
White-spotted Woodpecker																							<i>Veniliornis spilogaster</i>
Red-stained Woodpecker																							<i>Veniliornis affinis</i>
Yellow-eared Woodpecker																							<i>Veniliornis maculifrons</i>
Golden-green Woodpecker																							<i>Piculus chrysochloros</i>
Yellow-browed Woodpecker																							<i>Piculus aurulentus</i>
Green-barred Woodpecker																							<i>Colaptes melanochloros</i>
Campo Flicker																							<i>Colaptes campestris</i>
Blond-crested Woodpecker																							<i>Celeus flavescens</i>
Lineated Woodpecker																							<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>
Crimson-crested Woodpecker																							<i>Campephilus melanoleucos</i>
New World Barbets and Allies																						<i>Ramphastidae</i>	
Black-necked Aracari																							<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i>
Saffron Toucanet																							<i>Bailloniulus bailloni</i>
Spot-billed Toucanet																							<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>
Channel-billed Toucan																							<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>
Red-breasted Toucan																							<i>Ramphastos dicolorus</i>
Toco Toucan																							<i>Ramphastos toco</i>
Jacamars																						<i>Galbulidae</i>	
Three-toed Jacamar																							<i>Jacamaralcyon tridactyla</i>
Rufous-tailed Jacamar																							<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>
White-eared Puffbird																							<i>Nystalus chacuru</i>
Crescent-chested Puffbird																							<i>Malacoptila striata</i>
White-fronted Nunbird																							<i>Monasa morphoeus</i>
Swallow-wing																							<i>Chelidoptera tenebrosa</i>

Ornifolks in S.E. Brazil

	21-Oct	22-Oct	23-Oct	24-Oct	25-Oct	26-Oct	27-Oct	28-Oct	29-Oct	30-Oct	31-Oct	1-Nov	2-Nov	3-Nov	4-Nov	5-Nov	6-Nov	7-Nov	8-Nov	9-Nov	10-Nov	11-Nov	
Trogons																						<i>Trogonidae</i>	
White-tailed Trogon																							<i>Trogon viridis</i>
Black-throated Trogon																							<i>Trogon rufus</i>
Surucua Trogon																							<i>Trogon surrucura</i>
Motmots																						<i>Momotidae</i>	
Rufous-capped Motmot																							<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>
Cerylid Kingfishers																						<i>Cerytidae</i>	
Ringed Kingfisher																							<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>
Green Kingfisher																							<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>
American Cuckoos																						<i>Coccyzidae</i>	
Pearly-breasted Cuckoo																							<i>Coccyzus euleri</i>
Squirrel Cuckoo																							<i>Piaya cayana</i>
Anis and Allies																						<i>Crotophagidae</i>	
Greater Ani																							<i>Crotophaga major</i>
Smooth-billed Ani																							<i>Crotophaga ani</i>
Guira Cuckoo																							<i>Guira guira</i>
Roadrunners																						<i>Neomorphidae</i>	
Striped Cuckoo																							<i>Tapera naevia</i>
Parrots																						<i>Psittacidae</i>	
Blue-winged Macaw																							<i>Propyrrhura maracana</i>
White-eyed Parakeet																							<i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i>
Golden-capped Parakeet																							<i>Aratinga auricapilla</i>
Peach-fronted Parakeet																							<i>Aratinga aurea</i>
Blue-throated Parakeet																							<i>Pyrrhura cruentata</i>
Maroon-bellied Parakeet																							<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>
Blue-winged Parrotlet																							<i>Forpus crassirostris</i>
Plain Parakeet																							<i>Brotogeris tirica</i>
Canary-winged Parakeet																							<i>Brotogeris versicolurus</i>
Golden-tailed Parrotlet																							<i>Touit surda</i>
Pileated Parrot																							<i>Pionopsitta pileata</i>
Blue-headed Parrot																							<i>Pionus menstruus</i>
Scaly-headed Parrot																							<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>
Red-browed Parrot																							<i>Amazona rhodocorytha</i>
Orange-winged Parrot																							<i>Amazona amazonica</i>
Mealy Parrot																							<i>Amazona farinosa</i>
Typical Swifts																						<i>Apodidae</i>	
Sooty Swift																							<i>Cypseloides fumigatus</i>
Great Dusky Swift																							<i>Cypseloides senex</i>
White-collared Swift																							<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>
Biscutate Swift																							<i>Streptoprocne biscutate</i>
Gray-rumped Swift																							<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>
Ashy-tailed Swift																							<i>Chaetura andrei</i>
Hummingbirds																						<i>Trochilidae</i>	
Scale-throated Hermit																							<i>Phaethornis eurynome</i>
Planalto Hermit																							<i>Phaethornis pretrei</i>
Reddish Hermit																							<i>Phaethornis ruber</i>
Minute Hermit																							<i>Phaethornis idaliae</i>
Saw-billed Hermit																							<i>Ramphodon naevius</i>
Swallow-tailed Hummingbird																							<i>Campylopterus macrourus</i>
Black Jacobin																							<i>Florisuga fusca</i>